

HAZELTON Hazelton Municipal summary report

FAA ID U94

Understanding the Airport

Hazelton is a small town located in Jerome County in south-central Idaho. The town has an estimated population of 800 people. The primary economic activity in the area surrounding Hazelton is agriculture. Some significant employers in Hazelton include Reed Barley Storage, Simplot Grower Solutions, and the Valley School District. Recreational destinations near Hazelton include Lake Wilson Reservoir. Hazelton Municipal Airport (U94) is a public-use, general aviation airport located approximately three miles south of Hazelton along Interstate 84. The airport is owned and operated by Jerome County. The airport has recently completed improvements on the runway and hangars, which will improve the quality and lifespan of the airport. Three businesses are located at the airport: Red Barron, Crop Jet, and Ken Spray, LLC. All three businesses are agricultural spraying operations that maintain infrastructure on the field. In addition, Lockwood Farms, a local agricultural produce company, bases an aircraft at the airport. The airport and the businesses support the agricultural operations in the Magic Valley, contributing to the economic output of the region and the Idaho Airport System.



AIRPORT FEATURES				
Associated City	Hazelton			
Associated County	Jerome			
Airport Reference Code	B-I			
	ORIENTATION	06 / 24		
Primary Runway	DIMENSION	2,800' x 90'		
	SURFACE TYPE	Asphalt		

FORECAST SUMMARY					
Activity	2017	2037	% Change		
Based Aircraft	8	9	15%		
CS Annual Operations	N/A	N/A	N/A		
GA Annual Operations	3,000	3,000	0%		

AVIATION FORECAST

When planning for new or additional airport facilities, projections of various indicators of aviation demand such as based aircraft and operations can help determine the type and size of necessary improvements.

	AIRPORT I	ROLE	
IASP Role General	7	Federal Role N/A	

AIRPORT ROLES

Idaho's airport classification structure is designed to establish a network of facilities that support the state's access, mobility, and economic needs while preserving the long-term viability of all airports within the system. The 2020 Idaho Airport System Plan (IASP) Update has identified nine functional roles for the 75 publicly-owned public-use airports in the system. State and federal classifications are the same for airports included in the National Plan of Integrated Airport Systems (NPIAS), while non-NPIAS airports are categorized into three state-specific roles.

Facility and Service Objectives

Facility and service objectives (FSOs) were developed for each Idaho airport role. These objectives provide guidance on the recommended minimum facilities and services that the airport should have to optimally fulfill its functions in the system. The following table summarizes the airport's current facilities and services, FSOs, other projects recommended or identified during 2020 IASP Update, as well as estimated 20-year development costs. Recommended development costs include projects identified during the system plan, 20-year pavement lifecycle costs, future aircraft storage needs based on forecasted activity, and additional needs identified in the Idaho State Capital Improvement Plan (ISCIP). While these projects are included as part of the IASP, it is recognized that implementation of these projects is dependent on local needs. As an integral component of Idaho's airport system, these recommended improvements will ensure that this facility continues to provide state residents, businesses, and visitors with the aviation infrastructure necessary over the next 20 years.

AIRPORT REPO	ORT CARD HAZEI		JNICIPAL	GENERAL	
OBJECTIVE CATEGORY	AIRPORT OBJECTIVES (Specific to role)		CURRENT PERFORMANCE	RECOMMENDATION	COS
AIRSIDE FACILITIES					
Primary Runway Length	Maintain Existing		2,800 feet	None	Ś
Primary Runway Width	50 feet		90 feet	None	5
Primary Runway Strength	Maintain Existing		N/A	None	
Primary Taxiway	Maintain Existing		Connectors	None	
Instrument Approach	Visual		Visual	None	
Visual Aids	Wind Cone		Lighted Wind Cone	None	
Runway Lighting	Reflectors		None	Reflectors	\$8,10
Weather Reporting	Not Applicable		None	None	
LANDSIDE FACILITIES					
Commercial Terminal	Not Applicable		No	None	
General Aviation Terminal	Not Applicable		No	None	
Public Restrooms	Yes		No	Public Restroom	\$55,0
Conference Rooms	Not Applicable		No	None	
Pilots Lounge	Not Applicable		No	None	
Hangar Storage Units	Not Applicable	None	3	None	
Apron Tie-Down Spaces	100% of Based Aircraft and 25% of Transient Maximum Daily Totals	8	0	Add 8 spaces	\$7,3
Perimeter Fencing	Not Applicable		Partial	None	
Auto Parking	Not Applicable		Yes	None	
SERVICES					
Cell Phone Coverage	Yes		Yes	None	
Wi-Fi	Not Applicable		No	None	
Fixed Base Operator	Not Applicable		None	None	
Maintenance Services	Not Applicable		No	None	
Snow Removal Equipment	Not Applicable		Yes	None	
Fuel	Not Applicable		No	None	
Rental/Courtesy Car Access	Not Applicable		No	None	
FUTURE STORAGE NEEDS, PA	VEMENT NEEDS, AND ADDITIONAL ISCIP	PROJECTS			
PROJECT CATEGORY					
Performance Measure: Master	r Plan or Airport Layout Plan (ALP)			None	
Performance Measure: Close-in Obstructions			None		
Performance Measure: Meeting Current FAA Taxiway Design Standards			None		
Future Storage Needs: Hangar				None	
Future Storage Needs: Apron 1	-			2	\$3,7
Pavement Lifecycle Costs					\$617,5
Additional ISCIP Projects					\$355,0

U94

Economic Benefit to Idaho

The 2020 Idaho Airport Economic Impact Analysis (AEIA) Update quantified the total economic activity of each airport in the Idaho system. The study first calculated the direct economic benefits attributable to on-airport activity, capital improvements, and off-airport visitor spending. Based on these direct impacts, indirect and induced (or "multiplier") effects associated with supplier purchases and the re-spending of worker income were then calculated. Direct impacts and multiplier effects are summed to determine the airport's total economic impacts. Impacts are expressed in terms of jobs, earnings, contribution to the state's Gross Domestic Product (GDP), and total output. GDP is the value contributed to a product or service provided by a firm or group of firms (in this case, airport business). In addition, airports support a variety of other benefits, such as agriculture, wildland firefighting, medical transport, and business operations across the state.

AIRPORT-SPECIFIC IMPACTS

STATEWIDE IMPACTS

Total Employment	33,460 jobs
Total Earnings	\$1.3 billion
Total GDP	\$2.4 billion
Total Output	\$4.9 billion

Overall, the statewide impact of aviation for Idaho's economy exceeds \$4.9 billion and provides benefits through diverse activities associated with aviation and airport activity.



Supports Business Flying

ADDITIONAL AVIATION BENEFITS Provides Access to Recreational Activities including Wilson Lake Reservoir

Supports Aerial Application Operations for Magic Valley Area Farms

LAND USE COMPATIBILITY

Incompatible land use on and around airports can result in noise-related nuisance or safety-related concerns affecting airspace, overflights, and accident severity. Incompatibility has the potential to limit airport operations, close airports, or restrict access. Most recently, Idaho Code 67-6508(q) (Section Q) established new requirements for cities and counties to prepare a Public Airport Facilities section in their comprehensive plans. The Public Airport Facilities section must provide an overview of nearby airport facilities, operations, airport development, and economic impact. Section Q is an important step towards supporting compatible land uses around airports.



